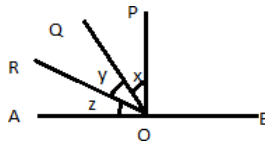


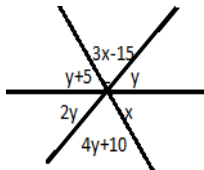
# ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY CLASS 9 MATHEMATICS UNIT : LINES AND ANGLES

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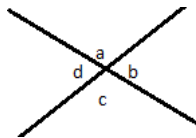
1. In the given figure PO is perpendicular to AB. If  $x : Y : Z = 1:3:5$ , then find the degree measure of  $x, y$  &  $z$ .



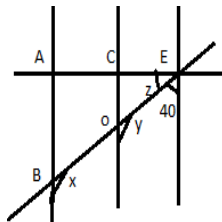
2. Prove that if two lines intersect each other, then the vertically opposite angles are equal.  
3. In the figure if  $y = 20^\circ$ , prove that the line AOB is a straight line.



4. Two complementary angles are such that two times the measure of one angle is equal to three times the measure of the other. Find the measure of the larger angle.  
5. Find the supplement of  $\frac{4}{3}$  of right angle.  
6. If  $(3x - 58^\circ)$  &  $(x + 38^\circ)$  are supplementary angles. Find  $x$  & the angles.  
7. Out of the four angles formed by two intersecting lines, one is  $90^\circ$ . Prove that the other three angles will be  $90^\circ$  each.  
8. Lines PQ & RS intersect each other at O. If  $\angle POR : \angle ROQ = 3:7$ . Find the angles  $a, b, c$  &  $d$ .



9. If two lines are perpendicular to the same line. Prove that they are parallel to each other.  
10. If  $l, m, n$  are three lines such that  $l$  is parallel to  $m$  &  $n$  is perpendicular to  $l$ , then prove that  $n$  is perpendicular to  $m$ .  
11. In figure  $AB \parallel CD$  &  $CD \parallel EF$ . ALSO  $EA$  is perpendicular to  $AB$ . If  $\angle BEF = 40^\circ$ . Then find  $x, y, z$ .



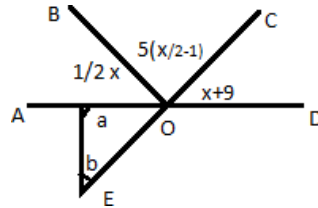
12. EF is a transversal to two parallel lines  $AB$  &  $CD$ .  $GM$  &  $HL$  are the bisectors of the corresponding angles  $\angle EGB$  &  $\angle EHD$ . Prove that  $GM \parallel HL$ .

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## CLASS 9 MATHEMATICS

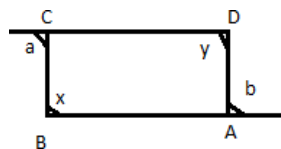
### UNIT : LINES AND ANGLES

13. AB & CD are the bisectors of the two alternate interior angles formed by the intersection of a transversal 't' with parallel lines 'l' & 'm'. Show that  $AB \parallel CD$ .
14. Prove that if one angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the other two angles, the triangle is right angled triangle.
15. The degree measures of three angles of a triangle are  $x$ ,  $y$  &  $z$ . If  $z = \frac{s+y}{2}$ , then find the value of  $z$ .
16. In the given figure find  $a+b$ .



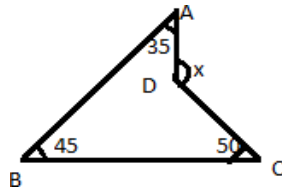
17.

The sides BA & DC of a quadrilateral ABCD are produced as shown in figure.

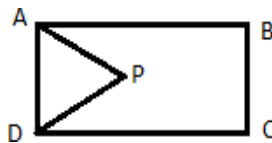


Show that  $\angle x + \angle y = \angle a + \angle b$ .

18. In figure, find the value of  $x$ .



19. In figure AP & DP are bisectors of two adjacent angles A & D of a quadrilateral ABCD. Prove that  $2\angle APD = \angle B + \angle C$ .



20. If the side BC of a triangle ABC is produced to D. The bisectors of  $\angle BAC$  intersects the side BC at E.

Prove that  $\angle ABC + \angle ACD = 2\angle AEC$ .

21. Prove that the sum of the angles of a hexagon is  $720^\circ$ .

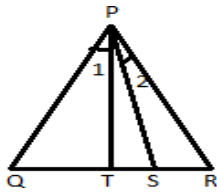
22. In figure PS is the bisector of  $\angle QPR$  & PT is perpendicular to QR. Show that

$$\angle TPS = \frac{1}{2}(\angle Q - \angle R)$$

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23. Two parallel lines are intersected by a transversal. Then, prove that the bisector of two pair of interior angles enclose a rectangle.

24. The bisectors of  $\angle ABC$  &  $\angle BCA$  intersect each other at point O. Prove that

$$\angle BO$$

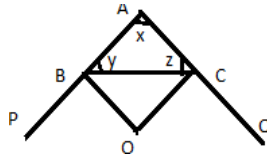
$$C = 90^\circ + \frac{1}{2}\angle A.$$

25. The sides AB & AC of a triangle ABC are produced to point E & D respectively. If bisectors BO & CO of

$\angle CBE$  &  $\angle BCD$  respectively meet at point O, then prove that  $\angle BOC = 90^\circ - \frac{1}{2}\angle BAC$ .

26. The side AB & AC of triangle ABC are produced to points P & Q respectively. If bisectors BO & CO of

$\angle CBP$  &  $\angle BCQ$  respectively meet at O, then prove that  $\angle BOC = \frac{1}{2}(y+z)$ .



27. ABCD is a quadrilateral & bisectors of  $\angle A$  &  $\angle D$  meet at O. Prove that  $\angle AOD = \frac{1}{2}(\angle B + \angle C)$ .

28. What is the value of y, if P & q are parallel to each other?

