## Class:7 <br> Chapter: 8 <br> COMPARING QUANTITIES <br> MODULE - $3 / 3$ <br> HANDOUT <br> SIMPLE INTEREST

When we borrow some money from the bank then we have to pay some interest to the bank.
The money which we borrow is called the Principal.
The extra money which we have to pay to the bank to use that borrowed money is called interest.
At the end of the year we return the money to the bank with interest, that money is called Amount.

## Amount $=$ Principal + interest.

Formula:

$$
\text { SIMPLE INTEREST }=\frac{P \times T \times R}{100}
$$

Where
$\mathrm{P}=$ Principal
$\mathrm{R}=$ Rate of Interest
$\mathrm{T}=$ time period

## Example:1

Sunita borrows a loan of Rs 50,000 at $15 \%$ per year as the rate of interest. Find the interest she has to pay at the end of one year.
Solution: P = Rs 50000
$\mathrm{T}=1$ year
$\mathrm{R}=15 \%$
Simple interest $=\frac{P \times T \times R}{100}$
$=\frac{50000 \times 1 \times 15}{100}$
$=$ Rs 7500

## Example: 2

Find the simple interest on Rs 648 for 8 months at $16 \frac{2}{3} \%$ per annum. Find the amount also.
Solution: $\mathrm{P}=$ Rs 648

$$
\mathrm{T}=8 \text { months }=\frac{8}{12}=\frac{2}{3} \text { years }
$$

$$
\mathrm{R}=16 \frac{2}{3} \%=\frac{50}{3} \%
$$

Simple interest $=\frac{P \times T \times R}{100}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{648 \times 2 \times 50}{3 \times 3 \times 100} \\
& =\text { Rs } 72
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Amount }=648+72
$$

$$
\text { Rs } 720 .
$$

FORMULA TO FIND TIME, RATE OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL
Principal $=\frac{S . I \times 100}{T \times R}$
Time $=\frac{S . I \times 100}{P \times R}$
Rate of Interest $=\frac{S . I \times 100}{P \times T}$

## Example:

Find the rate of interest when ₹ 1200 amounts to ₹ 1320 in 2 years.
Example:

$$
\text { Principal = Rs } 1200
$$

Amount $=$ Rs 1320
Simple interest $=\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{P}$

$$
=1320-1200=\text { Rs } 120
$$

Time $=2$ years

$$
\mathrm{R}=\text { ? }
$$

Rate of interest $=\frac{I \times 100}{P \times T}$

$$
=\frac{120 \times 100}{1200 \times 2}=5 \%
$$

## Example:

Find the principal when simple interest at $16 \%$ per annum for $2 \frac{1}{2}$ years is ₹ 3840 .
Solution: Simple Interest= Rs 3840
$\mathrm{R}=16 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{T} & =2 \frac{1}{2} \text { years }=\frac{5}{2} \text { years } \\
\text { Principal } & =\frac{I \times 100}{R \times T} \\
& =\frac{3840 \times 100 \times 2}{16 \times 5} \\
& =\text { Rs } 9600
\end{aligned}
$$

Example:
Find the time when ₹ 1250 amounts to ₹ 1950 at $16 \%$ per annum.
Solution: $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Rs} 1250$

$$
\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{Rs} 1950
$$

$$
\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{P}
$$

$$
=1950-1250
$$

$$
\text { = Rs } 700
$$

$$
\mathrm{R}=16 \%
$$

$$
\mathrm{T}=\frac{I \times 100}{P \times R}
$$

$$
=\frac{700 \times 100}{1250 \times 16}
$$

$=\frac{7}{2}$ years $=3 \frac{1}{2}$ years.

